A BLOODY MURDER.

John M. Langston's Son Kills One Man and Badly Wounds Another.

From All Accounts the Crime Was Without Provocation.

Intense Excitement in the Northern Part of the City, and the Murderer Escapes.

The Police Knew Nothing About the Murder Afterward.

Frank Langston, aged 19, a son of United States Minister John M. Langston, killed James Spencer and mortally wounded Dennis Williams during a street brawl last night, The murder took place in front of a dilapidated shanty on Seventh street, above the boundary, about 7:30 o'clock. The facts connected with the shooting are rather complicated and even the police had little knowledge of them. It was learned, however, that the shooting was the result of a street fracas between a white man named Thomas Wilkerson. Anderson, it appears, was beating his wife, and his little daughter rushed out of the house, screaming "Murder!" Wilkerson claims that he was passing and stopped to learn the cause of the disturbance. Anderson followed his child, and seeing Wilkerson asked him "what the hell" he was waiting for. Wilkerson replied that he "guessed the street was free," and Anderson said, "You are a liar." Anderson followed his last remark by striking Wilkerson, and the latter retaliated. A crowd gathered. Among them was young Langston and Spencer and Williams. Williams attempted to separate the two struggling men, when Langston said, "Let them fight."

"What the hell have you got to do with it?" asked Williams.

"Well, I want to see fair play, and I am going to "review I was to the property and property and I am going to "review I are the prop nected with the shooting are rather compli-

"Well, I want to see fair play, and I am going to," replied Langston, bristling up and moving nearer, "You mind your own business, you fool,"

said Williams, tugging at Wilkerson, who was on top of Anderson. Langston replied with profanity, in a loud Langston replied with profanity, in a loud tone, at the same time putting his hand behind him. Williams retorted angrily upon being called a negro, and advanced in a threatening manner. Those who formed the crowd and who could be found assert that Laugston retreated a few paces after this remark and pulled his pistol. The crowd fell back. Langston fired five times. Spencer, who had been standing on the outskirts of the crowd, put his hand to his side, after the third ahot, and cried out, "My Lord, I am shot." Williams clapped his hand to the back of his neck and started to run up Seventh street. Langston started to run up Seventh street. Langston ran away. Spencer followed Williams, meanwhile yelling. The two wounded men ran in the direction of Freedman's hospital, and when about twenty feat from the cate Spencer. the direction of Freedman's hospital, and when about twenty feet from the gate Spencer dropped to the ground, crying "Oh, my God, save me! save me!" He was picked up by some attendants and taken inside. Dr. Shodd was summoned, and had him carried to an outbuilding, where he died in a few moments. Williams, the other wounded man, ran to an upper gate of the hospital, giving niterances to loud cries at every step. His cries aroused the watchman, and he was taken inside and cared for by Dr. Graham. He was wounded in two places—a bullet entering the neck to the right of the thyroid gland and came out at the back to the left of gland and came out at the back to the left of the spinal column; the other bullet struck him in the center of the back near the him in the center of the back near the spine. After his wounds were dressed Williams, accompanied by two or three friends, went to his home in Batea's alley, between Wilson and Pomeroy streets. The bullet that killed Spencer entered his right breast, just below the right nipple, and passed through the right lung, lodging in the heart. His death was caused by internal harvaries. hemorrhage. The news of the murder was soon spread, and in a short time the streets cent to the scene were filled with excited people discussing it. Spencer, the deceased, is a young man, aged about 20, and lived with his parents, on Grant avenue. He was a quiet, inoffensive boy, and was employed as a cart driver. He was on his way from work when shot, and had stopped to learn the cause of the fighting. His father and mother were notified of the occur-ance, and visited the dead house of the hospital, where his body lay.

They gave vent to their intense grief, and invoked the divine blessings on their murdered son between their storm of tears. The body will be kept until the coroner has held an inquest, after which it will be turned over to his parents. which it will be turned over to his parents.

Williams, the other wounded man, is about
30 years of age, and has a family. He is employed at the new watershaft, and is regarded
as a peaceful and industrious citizen. After
the his home, a physician was being removed to his home, a physician was summoned. While his condition is regarded by the latter as extremely precarious, there is some hope for his recovery. He was resting easily last night.

Frank Langston, the murderer, is a light mulatte youth and, as stated a ve, is a so of the United States minister to Hayti. H lives with his mother and two brothers at Le Droit park, and was employed in the govern-ment printing office. His mother was seen last night and her grief at her son's rash act was extremely affecting. Nothing was seen of young Langeton after he ran from the seene of the shooting, and up to a late hour last night he had not been apprehended. Officer Slack arrested Anderson and Wilker-

son, the participants in the fight, about 10 o'clock and lodged them in the second precinct station house. Both denied any knowledge of the shooting, and tele various stories as to the origin of it. Wilkerson was found in a hay loft. Anderson was drunk.

The police of the second precinct were scouring the city last night in scarch of Langston, but he is believed to have left the

city. The coroner was notified, and will probably hold an inquest this morning. The witnesses to the tragedy, of which there were about twenty, disappeared soon after it occurred, and but two of them could

Inquest on the Body of the Baltimore

Sexton. BALTIMORE, March 4 .- A jury of inquest to day heard testimony as to the cause of the death of John McGreevy, sexton of Pius Mcmorial church. It appeared that for some time he had been taking money from the contribution boxes of the church and also nearly \$200 from Rev. Mr. Malloy, the rector of the church, aggregating about \$790. Last Saturday he confessed the offense, and prom-sed to make restitution. On the same day he purchased sulphate of strychnine from a Saturday he confess neighboring drug store, a part of which was found among his effects. There was no chemical analysis following the post morton examination, and the jury, after several hours delay, rendered a verdict of "death from causes unknown."

Tried to Thrush an Editor.

HARRISBURG, PA., March 4.—Early this morning an effort was made by James Boyd and a man named Brown to chastise John Moore, of the Sunday Telegram, for an article in that paper some weeks ago. The affair was attempted at the Grand hotel, but was frustrated by Thomas McSuigan, the clerk, who learned of the contemplated action and protested against any disturbance. Later in the morning McGuigan was assailed. He called two other employes to his assistance, and Brown was so badly beaten as to require

the attention of a physician and is confined to bed. Boyd was also burt. No arrests have been made, and, owing to the prominence of all parties, it is not likely any will be.

M'GINNIS HANGED.

He Suffers the Death Penalty for Mur-

dering His Mother-in-Law. PHILADELPHIA, March 4 .- John McGinnis was hanged in the county prison at 10:35 this morning.

McGinnis was hanged for the murder of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Mary Reed. He was a coal peddler, and in 1878 was claudestinely married to Elizabeth Reed. There was a difference of religious opinion between them, McGin nis being a Catholic and his wife a Protestant. Their mode of life grew from bad to worse until his brutal conduct forced his wife to leave him. In September, 1881, McGinnis appeared at the house where his wife was living with her mother. As soon as he saw his wife he commenced firing at her with a revolver. The woman fled, and the first shot missed her. The second shot, however, atruck her in the breast and she fell. Mrs. Reed, the mother of Mrs. McGinnis, hearing the shot, ran out of the house, but, seeing her daughter lying apparently dead on the pavement, and McGinnis standing over the prostrate form with the smoking revolver in his hand, she, too, fled. McGinnis followed her and fired at her, a bullet striking her in the neck, and she died almost instantly. Mrs. McGinnis subsequently recovered. Strenuous efforts were made to save McGinnis through the supreme court, the board of pardons, and a commission in married to Elizabeth Reed. There was a dif-

the board of pardons, and a commission in lunacy, but the attempts were unavailing. The prisoner seemed fully prepared to die. and paid no attention whatever to anybody but his spiritual advisers. There was no act betokening insanity, a plea which had been persistently advanced in his behalf. His devout attention to his spiritual welfare, and his general calmass, indicated one who fully realized his position. On the scaffold he em-braced and kissed the priest, and in the mid-dle of a repetition of the sentence, "Jesus, receive my soul," the drop fell. He seemed to die without pain.

New York Charter Elections.

NEWBURG, N. Y., March 4.-The republicans carried the charter election here to-day, electing Benjamin B. Odell mayor by 300

electing Benjamin B. Odell mayer by 300 majority, three of the four aldermen, and two of the four appervisors. The common council is evenly divided. Last year it was made up of six democrats and two republicans.

ELMIRA, N. Y., March 4.—The charter election here to-day resulted in the election of Dr. Henry Flood (republican) as mayor by 576 majority over Beers (democrat), the largest majority Elmira ever gave a mayor. The city is ordinarily democratic by 400 majority. Five aldermen out of seven were elected by the republicans and aix supervisors out of seven.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 4.—At the charter election held here to-day Cornelius R. Parsons, republican, was elected mayor for the fifth time. The democrats elect seven out of eight aldermen and the republicans elect five out of seven school commissioners. The political complexion of neither body is changed. Parsons's majority was 4,299.

TROY, N. Y., March 4.—At the Cohoes charter election to-day Alfred Leroy (rep.) was elected mayor without opposition. The democrats gain two aldermen and one supervisor. The council stands: six republicans

was elected mayor without opposition. Incommon and one supervisor. The council stands: six republicans and four democrats.

AUBURN, N. Y., March 4.—The charter election results in the choice of a democratic recorder and a republican assessor. The democrats gain one police commissioner, the republicans two addermen.

republicans two aldermen.

UTICA, N. Y., March 4.—At the charter election to-day, James S. Shorman (rep.), was elected mayor over Louis H. Shattuck by about 13,000 majority. Patrick F. Bulger (dem.), for city judge, was re-elected by 200

Minister Hunt's Funeral.

St. Petersburg, March 4.—The funeral services over the remains of the late Minister Hunt took place to-day at the American church. The coilin, wrapped in the stars and stripes, was conveyed to the church by a hearse drawn by six horses. A large number of mourners were present, and the services laid in the vault of the church, where it will remain until preparations are made for trans-porting it to the United States, All the arrangements for the funeral were

made under the supervision of the American consul general, Mr. Edgar Stauton; vice consul. Mr. G. M. Hutton; the secretaries of the English legation, and Mr. Gilling, a journalist. The religious services were conducted by the American chaptain with two assistants. The Russian ministers, the diplomatic corps, the court officials, and the resident Americans were present.

exar and exarina sent a wreath to be placed on the coffin of the deceased minister.

Death of a Prominent Physician. RICHMOND, VA., March 4 .- Dr. Robert Coleman, aged 53, one of the most prominent

and popular physicians in this city, died this morning. Dr. Coleman served in a professional capacity in the confederate army throughout the war, being at one time chief surgeon on Stonewall Jackson's corps and later medical inspector of the army of north-Since the war he has filled one of the principal professorships of the Virginia Medical college.

A Boy Shoots His Father.

EASTON, Pa., March 4.—Benjamin Beatty attempted to chastise his 17-year-old boy, Harry, this morning, when the latter drew revolver and shot his father in the breast, and while trying to shoot again was only disarmed after a severe struggle. Mr. Beatly is not fatally hurt, though the ball has not yet been extracted. The boy, who is a reader of dime novels, received a severe thrashing, after which he made his escape.

Muldoon Wins the Wrestling Match. SAN FRANCISCO, March 4.-The Muldoon Bauer Graco-Roman wreatling match for \$500 a side took place last night in Mechanics' pavilion. Bauer won the first fall in eighteen minutes. Muldoen won the second in five minutes and twenty seconds, and the third and match in twelve minutes and ten seconds Both men were trained down to 180 pounds. A match has been arranged between Whistler and Muldoon for \$1,000 a side.

Lieut, Scheetz to be Honored,

Sr. Louis, March 4 .- Lieut. Schoetz, U. S. N., who assisted Lieut, Harber in bringing back the remains of Lieut. De Long and his companions from Siberia, arrived here today on a one-year's leave of absence, and will make his mother a long visit. He will be given a public reception at the Merchants' exchange on Thursday and a banquet at

S. J. Tilden's Brother Dying. Hudson, N. Y., March 3 .- Henry A. Tillen, a brother of Hon. Samuel J. Tilden, has

been confined to his home at New Lebanou several weeks by serious illness, is rapidly sinking, and his physicians say he can survive but a short time. Preparations for Decoration Day. NEW YORK, March 4.-Gen. Benjamin F.

Butler will deliver the oration in this city on decoration day, and President Arthur and cabinet will be present, Of Course It Was Republican.

BULINGTON, VT. March 4 .- Mayor Morse rep.) was re-elected to-day without oppoition. Seven of the ten aldermen are repub-

Rhode Island Democrats.

PROVIDENCE, March 4 .- The democratic state convention has been called for Wednes-

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

John Glascock Kills His Wife and Three Children and Himself.

Fanquier County, Va., Startled to Its Center by the Quadruplicate Crime.

On Sunday last John Glascock, a wellknown and influential farmer of Fanquier county. Viceinia, living two and one-half miles from Delapiane station, on the Virginia Midland railroad, murdered his entire family, consisting of a wife and three children, and then committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart in a piece of woods near his

The first intimation the neighbors had that there was anything wrong at the Glascock house, was the appearance of flame and smoke house, was the appearance of flame and smoke through the windows, between S and B o'clock Sunday morning. A number of people ran to the house with the intention of rendering assistance, but found to their surprise that the doors and windows were securely bolted and barred on the inside, and that the huilding was to all appearance descrted. As the flames were making rapid progress it was necessary to effect an entrance at once in some way, and the first comers soon succeeded in battering down one of the doors and eventually in putting out the first. No living person was found in the house, but on a bed in the family bedroom, over which coal oil had been poured and then ignited, were found the dead bodies of Mrs. Glascock and her infant son, the latter greatly disfigured by the flames. Both had been shot through the head with a revolver, and the murderer, as if to make sure of the death of Mrs. Glascock, had shot her a second and third time through the dead bodies of the two other children—Rodney and Emily—both shot through the head and the former also through the body. In the woods overlooking the farm house, at a distance of about three-quarters of a mile, was found the dead body of John Glascock, the husband and father, who after deliberately murdering his whole family and setting fire to his house, had gone to this plees of woods and committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart with through the windows, between 8 and 9 o'clock family and setting fire to his house, had gone to this plece of woods and committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart with the same Smith and Wesson revolver which he had used in killing his wife and children. It now appears that Giascock, while laboring under some hallucination or a fit of temperary insanity, drove away theservantearly Sunday morning, murdered bis family, poured coal oil over the bed and set fire to it, fastened up the heart and then went to the cabin of a oil over the bed and set are to it, instened up the house, and then went to the cabin of a neighbor and protonded to be in need of a servant to cook breakfast for him-self and family. He then re-turned, as his tracks in the snow indicate, to the vicinity of his own house, and, finding that the tragedy had not yet been discovered, recessed to the advance the niers of woods

proceeded to the edge of the piece of woods overlooking his farm, where he seems to have watched his burning house until it was entered and the fire extinguished by his neighbors. He then retired a few paces farther into the woods and shot himself through the heart. The murderer and suicide was the son of

The murderer and suicide was the son of wealthy parents, and had a very large and influential family connection. His young wife, Marie Glascock, was the daughter of Herod Frazier, formerly of Loudoun county, Va., and now a citizen of Missouri. The father, mother, and three children were buried side by side Monday in the cemetery near Middleburg. Va. The motive of Glascock is only surmised. He was addicted to drink, and it is concluded that he was crazed by liquor when he committed the crime.

THE VIRGINIA SENATE.

Federal Interference Bill Passed by the Bourbons Yesterday.

RICHMOND, VA., March 4 .- In the senate to-day the bill introduced a few days ago by Senator Atkinson in relation to federal interference in elections was taken up and passed by a vote of 19 ayes to 10 noes. It was a strict party vote, the democrats voting in the affirmative.

The bill provides that whenever judges of election shall be arrested and taken into custody by officials of the United States government they shall either close the polls, canvass the vote and make their returns, or shall have power and authority to swear in as judges of election so many as may be arrested or summoned as witnesses from the bystanders, who shall discharge the duties imposed upon judges of election by law. The bill to provide for adjusting with West Vir-ginia the proportion of the public debt proper to be borne by that state came up, and after the rejection of several amendments a motion to definitely postpone the bill was agreed to. This is equivalent to its final dismissal.

The New York Republican Convention. NEW YORK, March 4 .- The republican tate committee decided to-day to hold the state convention at Utica on April 23 next. The vote in favor of this was 18 to 12. The committee unanimously adopted the following resolution:

following resolution:

Resolved, That this committee recommend and advise that the delegates to the republican national convention be elected by the conventions held in and for the respective congressional districts and that the ratio of representation therefor in districts now without any district organization and without any understanding as to the basis of representation to absed on the republican vote as cast in the assembly districts at the last presidential election, the various assembly districts to be emitted to the same representation as they respectively had in the last state convention, unless otherwise acreed upon by the several congressional districts.

The following convention.

The following committee was appointed to draft a call for the state convention: Carroll E. Smith, chairman; G. H. Sharp, Andrew S. Draper, E. H. Hobbs, and J. J. O'Brien.

Bourbons Want an Extra Session.

RICHMOND, VA., March 4.—The general asembly disposed of the West Virginia debt settlement so far as this state is concerned by indefinitely postponing the whole question. The bourbons to-day circulated a petition among the readjusters and republican mem-bers of the assembly requesting signatures for an extra session which it seems impossi-ble to secure. Some of the bourbons refuse to ble to secure. Some of the bourbons retuse to sign the petition, others have already gone home disgusted. Several bourbons were re-fused leave of absence. It is plain that popular sentiment is so strong against the acts of the present assembly that an utter col-lapse of the tail end of the session is in-evitable. The business men of Richmond are almost frantic over the prospect of losing their business by bourbon adverse legislation in favor of rallway monopolists. In Norfolk in favor of raliway monopolists. In Norfolk the feeling is no less strong against this legis-

Brave Men Should Be Honored.

NEW HAVEN, March 4.-The chamber of ommerce to-day decided to send the facts in connection with the rescue of the wrecked chooner Jano last Friday to the secretary of the treasury, and to suggest that medals be sent on to the seventeen men engaged in the reacue. Arrangements were also furthered for adding to the fund collected for them. It new reaches about \$500. The chamber also approved of the bill of Mr. Long, new before congress, to promote the efficiency of the revenuo service.

California Republicans. SAN FRANCISCO, March 4.—The republican

state central committee will convene at Oakland April 30. An informal vote of the membors taken to-day gave Blaine 27; Washburn, 3; Conkling, 2, and Arthur, 4.

Young Boudoir Arraigned. GREAT FALLS, N. H., March 4 .- Desire

Boudoir was arrested and arraigned before Judge Knapp, of the Great Falls police court, this afternoon. He pisaded guilty to the

charge of killing Frederick Grant, for which crime his father stands committed. He was committed to the county j all for trial in Sep-

MATTERS IN EGYPT.

Gen. Graham to Return to Suakin, Which Is a Better Base of Operations Against Osman Digma.

LONDON, March 4.—Gen. Graham has been instructed to return to Trinkitat and then await further orders.

The Marquis of Hartington, secretary of state for war, states that Gen. Graham has not been ordered to rotire to Trinkitat and await further orders, as was rumored, nor has he been directed to attack Osman Digma. In the house of commons to-day the Hon. In the house of commons to-say the non. Frederick Stanley, conservative, gave notice of his intention to move that no supplies be granted to the government until they have a full and explicit statement of their Egyptian

policy. The conservatives greeted it with load cheers.

Lord Edmund Fitzmaurice, under foreign secretary, stated that no attempt would be made to relieve Kassala, as it was believed that the garrison could be withdrawn without difficulty.

difficulty.

Although the Marquis of Hartington has Although the Marquis of Hartington has denied that Gen. Graham has been ordered to return to Trinkitat, Semi-official advices from Cairo say that Gen. Stephenson has directed Gen. Graham to have the troops embark at Trinkitat, and reand return to Suakin, as the latter place is the best base of operations against Osman Digma. Gen. Graham, leaving a battalion to garrison Fort Baker, will order the troops to garrison Fort Baker, will order the troops to carrison Fort Baker, will order the troops to embark on Thursday. The operations against Osman Digma will not extend beyond Tama-nieb. Sir Evelyn Baring, the British minister at Cairo, advises the government to fix the limit of the action of the troops on the Red sea littoral at ten miles from the coast.

The Telegraph War in Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, March 4.-William G. Jones, assistant superintendent of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph company; Thomas J. Fahy, an operator of the same company, and Charles L. Howell, member of the firm of Howell Brothers, brokers, were arrested this morning upon a warrant charging them with foroible entry and detainer. The proceedings grew out of the taking possession yesterday of the telegraph office in Howell Brothers place of business by the Baltimore and Ohio, during which the fixtures and instruments of the Western Union were flung into the street under the direction of Howell Brothers, the tenants of the building. The affidavit upon which the warrant was issued was made by William B. Gill, superintendent of the Western Union company. It charges defendants with entering the premises occupied by the Western Union and tearing down its office and throwing the instruments, switch board, and fixtures into the street. The defendants were arraigned before a magistrate and entered bail in \$1,000 each for a hearing to-morrow. and Charles L. Howell, member of the firm

magistrate and entered ball in \$1,000 each for a hearing to-morrow.

The case of William H. Conu, George Ryley, and Andrew P. Sell, employes of the Western Union Tolegraph company, charged with conspiracy and forcible entry and detainer in helding possession of the office No. 48 South Third street, came before Magistrate Lennon this afternoon, but in consequence of the absence of witnesses. the absence of witnesses the hearing was ad-journed until next Thursday afternoon.

A Juvenile Jesse James Gang. Bosron, March 4 .- Within the past few weeks several buildings in Quincy have been entered and various articles stolen. The officers who were given the case discovered that there was a regularly-organized gang of young scamps, composed of seven pupils of the Coddington school, between the ages of 12 and 15 years. These boys styled them-selves "The Jesse James Gang," and some of them wore badges of ribbon on which the letters "J J." were inscribed. The leader, who was known as "The Captain," was pro-vided with a dagger and a dark lantern. The hoadquarters were in an unoccupied stable. A portion of the missing property has been recovered, and the information gained placed in the hands of the school authorities for their

action.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4.—The delegation recently sent to Washington by the civil service reform association of this city to appear before the committee of the house of representatives, to which has been referred the bill repealing the laws making four years the term of various United States officials, reorted to a meeting of the executive commitdelegation from other associations throughout the country on Saturday last, and argued the question before the committee, most of whom seemed to be favorably disposed to the bill. The delegation felt very hopeful that the committee would report the bill to the house at an early day.

A Riot in Georgia. Macon, Ga., March 4 .- A special to the Telegraph and Messenger from Albany says a riot took place at Alapaha, Berrien county, this evening by a disorderly character resisting arrest. The mayor of Alapaha became demoralized and telegraphed the governor to send the military to his aid. The Albany guards were ordered to go, but have found the affair greatly exaggerated and the mili-tary not needed. The affair caused great excitement throughout the state, as it was rumored that it was a collison between whites and blacks. Everything is now quiet and no further trouble is anticipated.

A Murderer Confesses.

SEDALIA, Mo., March 4 .- Advices from Windsor say Frank Hopkirk, who, with Thomas Brownfield, was arrested on Sunday for the cold blooded murder of the old man John E. Wells, made a confession charging George Galloway with doing the killing, but admitting he and Brownfield were also cerned in it. Hopkirk and Brownfield taken to the Clinton county seat, and a large posse are searching for Gallowsy. Hopkirk is only 17 years old, and neither of the mur-derors is over 23. The motive for the killing of Wells has not yet been developed.

National Base Ball League.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 4 .- The opening ession of the National Base Ball league was held in this city to-day. The report of the schedule committee was submitted and adopted. A resolution was adopted making a player liable to expulsion if ho is received by a club and plays with a non-league nine. On the consideration of the playing rules, the only change made was limiting the pitcher to six balls instead of seven. The report of the schedule com-mittee was adopted unanimously.

Change of Naval Officers.

NEW YORK, March 4.-Lieut, D. Daniels, of the branch naval hydrographic office, maritime exchange, New York city, has been relieved from duty there and ordered to the United States training ship Saratoga, which salis for Lisbon. Portugal, to-morrow. Hi successor at the exchange, it is expected, will be Lieut. Harber, of Arctic fame.

The Colored Conference.

The conference of colored ministers to determine upon a place and time for their convention was held yesterday afternoon at the Fourth Baptist church. The convention was called to order by Rev. Robert Johnson, the pastor of the church, who was elected presi-dent, and Bishop W. B. Johnson was chosen as secretary. A committee of three was ap-pointed to select the time and place for the convention. The conference then adjourned The next conference will be held at the same place on the ninetcenth instant.

GETTING READY.

Meeting of the Democratic Congressional Committee Last Night-List of Work-

ers. A meeting of the democratic congressional committee was held as the Arlington last evening in parlor 150. There was a full at-tendance, and, besides the members of the committee, quite a number of the democratic statesmen of both houses wers about the hotel. The meeting was called to order by Senator Pendleton, chairman of the democratic joint caucus, and Delegate Post, of Wyoming terricaucus, and Delegate Post, of Wyoming territory, was called upon to act as secretary. Thirty states and four territories are represented on the committee, these being the states and territories now having a democratic representative in Congress, and thirty-one members were present at the meeting of the committee. The first business of the meeting was the selection of an executive committee. This is composed on the part of the Senate of Senators Garland, of Arkansas, and Kenna of West Virginia, and on the part of the House of Representatives, Paige, of Ohio; Rosecraus, of California; Stockslager, of Indiana; Stevens, of New York; and Murphy, of Iowa.

Murphy, of lows.

This committee was authorized to confer with the state central committees of those states and territories having no democratio representative in either house, and to arrange for the selection of a person who shall be a member of the congressional campaign com-mittee. The states and territories thus un-ropresented are Colorado, Kansas, Maine, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont, Dakota, Idaho, New Mexico, and Washington.

and Washington.

There was a general interchange of views as to the political outlook for the presidential year, and some suggestions were thrown out as to the general policy to be adopted in the prosecution of the campaign, after which the

committee adjourned.

Immediately after the adjournment of the full committee a meeting of the executive committee was held and an organization had by the election of Senator Gorman as chair man, and the selection of Delegate Post as permanent secretary.

Senator Kenna and Representatives Ste-

Senator Acana and Representatives Stevens and Stockslager were designated a sub-committee on finance, and Senator Garland and Representatives Murphy and Paige a subcommittee on campaign documents.

The chairman, Senator Gorman, was made ex-officio a member of both these subcom-

In a short discourse that followed it was urged that special attention should be given in the approaching cam-paign to the distribution of the documents necessary to give the intelligent voter a proper appreciation of the position of the great democratic party upon the leading issues. The selection of a treasurer was postponed until such time as some funds should be accumulated requiring his atten-

tion.

The revenue reform democrats appear to be in the minority on the executive com-

mittee. Senator Gorman, the chairman, and Senator Kinna are both "tariff" democrats, as are Representative Paige, of Ohio, and Stevens, of Representative Paige, of Ohio, and Stevens, of New York. Representatives Stockslager and Murphy were Carlisle men, and with Senator Garland, represent the tariff reform element on the committee. Representative Resectans voted for Carlisle for speaker, but is an "inci-dental protectionist" and indorses the Ohio tariff platform. The secretary of the com-mittee is a "tariff" democrat. In the main the committee is composed of the younger element of the party.

younger element of the party.

The executive committee will hold another meeting on Saturday evening, at which time it is axpected that they will select a place for its "headquarters" in this city, and perfect arrangements for the raising of a campaign fund, the publication of decuments, and other matters incidental to beginning active

Following is a full list of the campaign Following is a full list of the campaign committee as at present organized: Alabama, H. A. Herbert; Arkansas, A. H. Garland: California, W. S. Rosserans; Connecticut, W. W. Faton; Delaware, C. B. Lore; Georgis, A. H. Colquitt; Illinois, R. W. Townshend; Indiana, S. M. Stockslager; Iowa, J. H. Murphy; Kentucky, James F. Clay; Louisiana, W. C. Blanchard; Maryland, A. P. Gorman; Massachusetts, H. B. Lovering; Michigan, N. B. Eldredge; Missiasippi, H. L. Muldrow; Missouri, A. M. Dockery; Nevada, George W. Cassidy; New Jorsey, W. H. Fiedler; New York, R. P. Stevens; North Carolina, Clement Dowd; Ohio, D. R. Paige; Oregon, J. H. Slater; Penusylvania, Wm. Mutchler; South Carolina, Samuel Diable; Tennessee, J. Q. Carolina, Samuel Dioble; Tennessee, J. Harris; Texas, R. Q. Mills; Virginia, Jo S. Barbour; West Virginia, John E. Konn Wisconsin, P. V. Denster; Florida, R. H. Day on : Arizona, G. H. Oury : Montana agranta; Wyoming, M. E. Post; Utah, J.

A Fight on Boundary.

A crowd of negro roughs became involved in a fight at the corner of Ninth and Boundary streets last night and for a few moments air was filled with builets, rocks, and r missiles. During the afray a colored other missiles. During the affray a colored boy named Lilis Bowman was cut in the head and others were slightly injured by rocks.

A REPUBLICAN reporter happened in the vicinity and somehow got mixed up in the affray. He was badly treated, but would thank the gentleman to return his silk

The Scott Art Gallery. The paintings at the above galleries undoubtedly comprise the best collection ever offered in this city at public auction. Below are given some of the prices realized at last evening's sale. The sale will continue thus evening at 8 o'clock. Some of the best paintings yet remain: "Off Duty," J. Ferry, paintings yet remain: "Off Duty," J. Ferry, Parls, \$390; "A Visit for Repairs," Alfred Louis Jaconim, Parls, \$425; "In the Place de l'Opera," Jean Berand, Parls, \$300; "News

from the Front," A. Spring, Munich, \$230. Best's Dinner.

Mr. Wm. J. Best, of New York, gave a supper last evening at the Harris house in honor of Mr. Charles Wyndham, the eminent comedian. Among the guests were Sir Iandail Roberts, Charles Wyndham, Horatio Saker, George Giddens, Wm. Blakeley, C. H. Harburg, J. M. Ball, F. N. Wenman, Frank Tyars, Samuel G. Kinsley, Col. John A. Joyce, Charles T. Murray, Col. Leo P. Wheat, Wm. H. Rapley, Mr. P. Lyudel, Mr. W. V.

The German Banking Company. The stockholders of the German Banking company yesterday elected the following directors for the ensuing year: Messrs. J. Eichberg, E. Francis, Geo. E. French, Robert Portner, E. E. Downham, Park Agnew, and Justice Schneider.

Kenneth Raynor Dying Hon. Kenneth Raynor, solicitor general of

the treasury, is lying at the point of death at the National hotel. His physicians stated late last night that he could not live later than 6 o'clock this morning. The Colored Odd Fellows.

The colored Odd Fellows celebrated their annual thanksgiving last night at their hall. Speeches were made by Revs. Walker, Johnson, and Graham, and Messrs. Lancaster and Holmes.

The Jackson Association. The Jackson Democratic association held

meeting last night at Cosmopolitan hall. After the transaction of routine business the association adjourned until March 28,

The Weather.

Diminishing pressure, increasing easterly winds, armer cloudy weather, followed by snow, generally

Yesterday's thermometer: 7a. m., 17.5°; 11a. m., 20.0°; 3 p. m., 29.1°; 7 p. m., 27.8°; 11 p. m., 24.7°; maximum, 29.6°; mintenum, 16.5°.

WOMEN WITH HOPES.

Enthusiastic Gathering of Ladies Who Expect to Vote Sometime in the Future.

First Day of the Sixteenth Annual Convention of Woman Suffragists.

Reports of Progress Made Within a Year in Different States.

Speeches of the Leaders in the Fight Against Man's Inhumanity to Woman-

The sixteenth annual convention of the National Woman Suffrage association was opened with an executive session yesterday morning in Lincoln hall. Only members and delegates were present, and the proceedings were secret, the chairman, Miss May Wright Sewall, giving out such information as the members desired after the meeting was over.

The delegates present were: New York, Susan B. Anthony, Lillie Dev-New York, Susan B. Anthony, Lillie Deversaux Blake, Dr. Clemence S. Lozier, Caroline Gilkey Regers, Mary Seymour Howell, Ruth S. Beattie, Mrs. Andrers, and Mary Anthony, sister of Susan B. Anthony.

Oregon, Abigail Scott Duniway.
Missouri, Phobe W. Courins.
Illinois, Elizabeth Boynton Harbert, the Rev. Florence Kallock, and Hannah J. Coffee.
New Jersey, the Rev. Phobe A. Hanaford and Mrs. Miles.
Pennsylvania, Edward M. Davis, Robert Purvis, and Hattie Purvis.
Wisconsin, William Wilson, Eliza T. Wilson, and Sarah Wilson.
Massachusetts, Harriotte R. Shattuck and

son, and Sarah Wilson.

Massachusetts, Harriette R. Shattuck and
Mrs. Louisa A. Morrison.

Kansas, Mrs. Hattie P. Mausfield.

Kentucky, Mary B. Clay.

Ohlo, Mrs. McClelland Brown and Clara

Ohio, Mrs. McClelland Brown and Clara Giddings. Arkansas, Mrs. Fyler. Indiaus, Mrs. Julia Briant, Mary Wright Sewall, and Helen M. Gougar, Marylaud, Caroline Hallowell Miller and Amanda M. Best. Washington territory, Mrs. Louise Kel-

should logg.

scattle Scotland, Mrs. Nellstood and Mrs. Jackson, of Edinburgh.

The following committees were appointed:

The following committees were appointed:
On nominations—Susan B. Aothony, Heien
M. Gougar, Lillie Devereaux Blake, Harriette
R. Shattuck, and Mrs. H. P. Mansfield.
On press—May Wright Sewall, Phobe W.
Couzins, Heien M. Gougar, Elizabeth Boynton Harbert, Rev. Phobe A. Hanaford, and
Elien H. Sheldon.
On finance—Jane H. Spofford Rev. Florence
F. Kallock, Jerusha G. Joy, Eliza T. Ward,
Ellen M. O'Connor, and Carolina A. Sherman,
On reception and credentials—Caroline
Glikey Rogers, Jerusha G. Joy, Marilla M.
Ricker, Eliza T. Wilson and May B. Clay.
On resolutions—Mrs. Abigali Scott Duniway, Mrs. Elizabeth Boynton Harbert, Rev.
Phobe Hanaford, Martha McCleilan Brown,
Mary Seymour Howell, and Belva A. Lock-

Mary Seymour Howell, and Belva A. Lock-wood.

A committee on plan of work will be appointed this morning and report Thursday.

It was decided to publish the proceedings of

the convention.

The afternoon session, which began at 2:30 o'clock, was public, and there were very few yacant seats in Lincoln hall when Miss Anvacant seats in Lincoln hall when Miss Anthony called the convention to order. The audience was composed almost entirely of ladies. It was quiet and attentive during the first part of the session, but restless toward the last. There was occasional but not frequent applause. The delegates sat upon the platform. Mis Anthony said: "The convention will please come to order. The convention will be opened by unaver by the Earl tion will please come to order. The conven-tion will be opened by prayer by the Rev. Florence Kallock." This reverend lady thanked the Lord that the mothers, wives, sisters, and daughters of the country were waking up to the holy duties which they had to perform. She asked for a blessing upon the convention, and prayed that the world might feel the influence of the work done in

that assemblage.

Mrs. Shattuck, of Boston played the accompaniment and led the audience. White standing it sang an original hymn, copies of

which had been distributed through the hall. The air was that of "Hold the Fort."

Miss Anthony spoke of the regret in the audience and on the platform at the absence of Mrs. Stanton, and culogized that lady as the leader of the woman suffrage movement since IS-18, when she and her elder in years, but not in work, for this cause-Lucretia Mott-had called the first meeting to discuss the question of woman suffrage. She said that Mrs. Stauton was at the old family home in Johnstown, N. Y., where a dear sister was lying very ill, expecting death every hour. Miss Anthony then read a letter from Mrs. Stanton, expressing her disappoint-ment at not being able to be present and speaking of her pleasure in the constant accession of carnest young women who appear in the conventions from year to year. Mrs. Stanton advised that the prominent presidential candidates be interviewed to see how each stood on the franchise question and to each stood on the franchise question and to learn, also, whether either party would put a we man suffrage plank in its platform. The letter concluded with eulogistic remarks upon the woman suffrage advocates who have died within the year. At the mention of Wendell Phillips's name there was applause from the andience. The letter suggested that a resolution of symmathy be passed by the convention tion of sympathy be passed by the convention

and sent to Ann Green Phillips.

Miss Anthony had letters from George Wm.
Curtis, Jane Cobden of London, and John P. Thomason, M. P., of London, but she did not

read them.

her opening address Miss Anthony said that there had been great progress in public sentiment within the year, and as proof of it said that she had yesterday received a message from the New York Evening Telegram, asking for a 150-word special by wire, giving the names of the noted women present. was the first indication that the convention was of as much importance as a meeting of workingmen. Miss Anthony said she hal been abroad since the last convention, and was encouraged by what she saw in England, The right of suffrage was there granted in municipal and school matters. This was only given, however, to widows and spinsters. "A high premium," said Miss Anthony, "do they offer over there to spinsterhood and widowhood." Over there public men were not afraid to go to woman suffrage meetings and sit upon the platform. It would be so here if wemen had the influence of a vote. The latest victory was in Washington territory, and that victory was heralded next morning by every newspaper in America, England, and France. And the advocates of woman suffrage have come up here for the woman suffrage have come up here for sixteenth time to urge upon congress the necessity for submitting the sixteenth amendment to the votes of the people.

Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood reported the pro-

gress of the woman suffrage agitation in the District of Celumbia. She gave statistics of the work of women in the professions in the district, and gave some information concern-

ing the temperance, charitable, and reforma-tory work done by women.

Miss Mary B. Clay, introduced by Miss Anthony as a daughter of Cassins M. Day, reported as to the progress of the movement in Kentucky. She read from manuscript extracts from the laws of Kentucky, which ahe considered quair toward women. She she considered unfair toward women. also read from the Bible and from modern philosophical writers to show that woman's position in the state was not worthy of her. To show the state of feeling in Kentucky, she stated that in the city where she lived the women held some exclusive prayer meetings. The preachers of the town urged the ladies of their congregation not to attend them. Books on women suffrage which the